

Modelling Motion, Perception and World Model Stacks

Or, how to apply the RobMoSys models to hard realtime too?

Herman Bruyninckx, KU Leuven – TU Eindhoven

16 October 2018, MODELS 2018, Copenhagen

<https://robmosys.eu>
<https://discourse.robmosys.eu>



This project has received funding from the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme under grant agreement No 732410.



Examples of simple realtime “Activities”



All of these “Activities” can be done with 95% the **same modelling** patterns/policies/best practices as for “Components”!

“Realtime Activities”: often library/API-centred

“Port”-based over “API”-based

Ports *decouple*:

- I use a *port* when I need *data*
- **the system** architecture satisfies the *constraints on freshness of data* at every port

Ports:

- *Port fan-in/fan-out hell*
(**can** be overcome by *system architecture*)

APIs couple:

- I call a *function* when I need *data*
- I am responsible for satisfying the *constraints*

APIs:

- *API explosion hell*
- yet, still most popular choice for *in-component* software...

Block-Port-Connector and Information Architectures

Block: hides functionalities

Port: view on part of the data processed in a Block's functionalities

Connector: models **ideal constraint** that data in connected Ports is **the same**

Information Architecture:

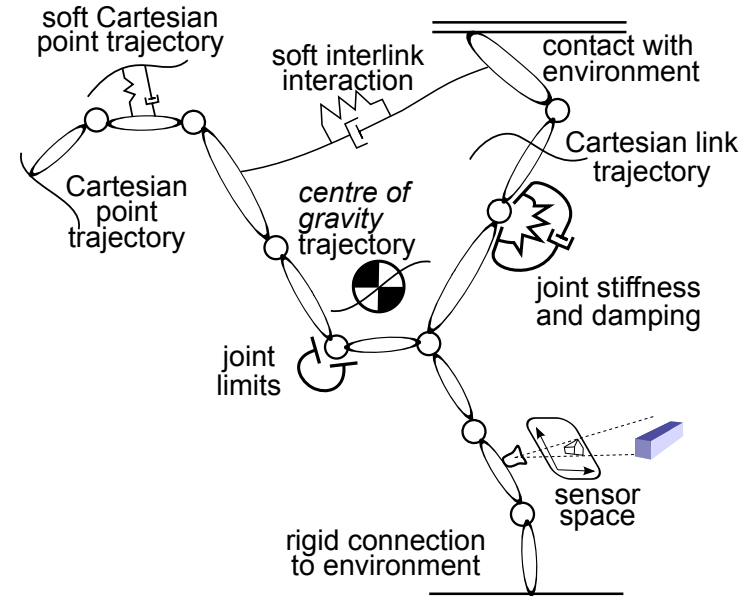
- major decision: what Ports and Connectors **not** to provide
- *the* place to model/apply *policies* on the **interaction dependencies** between Ports and their Connectors

Insight:

- the *same* models/patterns/best practices apply to “components” as well as to “functions”
- *also* (most) of the *policies*

Motion stack = coupling of control, perception and world modelling

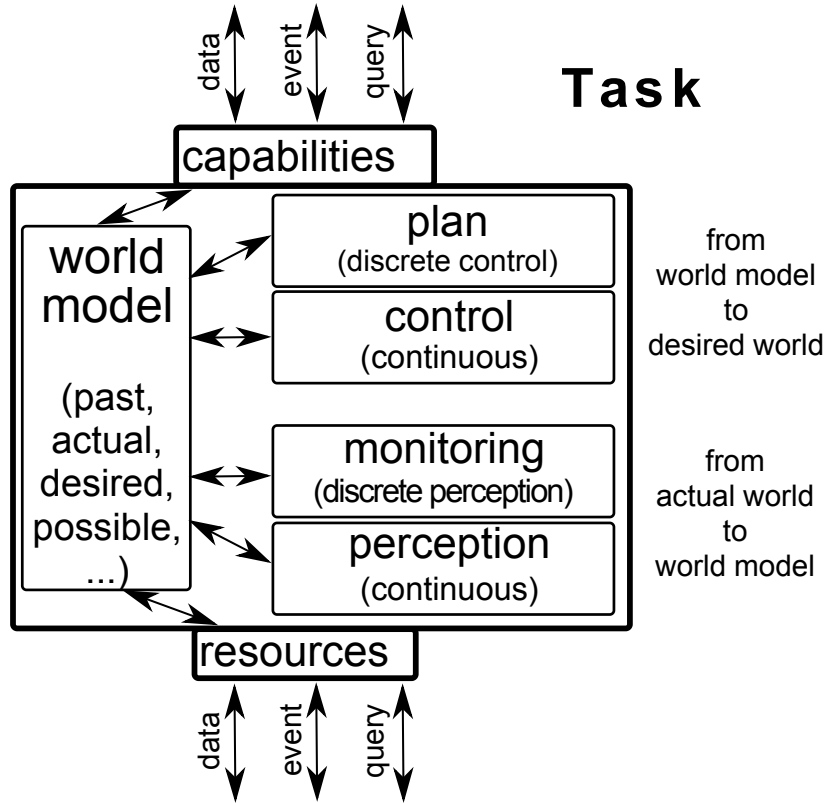
- Cartesian space, over *horizon*
- **Cartesian** space, *instantaneous*
- **Joint** space
- Transmission
- Actuator
- Battery/Power



This presentation focuses on only the joint space \leftrightarrow Cartesian space levels.

\Rightarrow *robot* is largest part of *World Model*.

Motion stack – The meta model

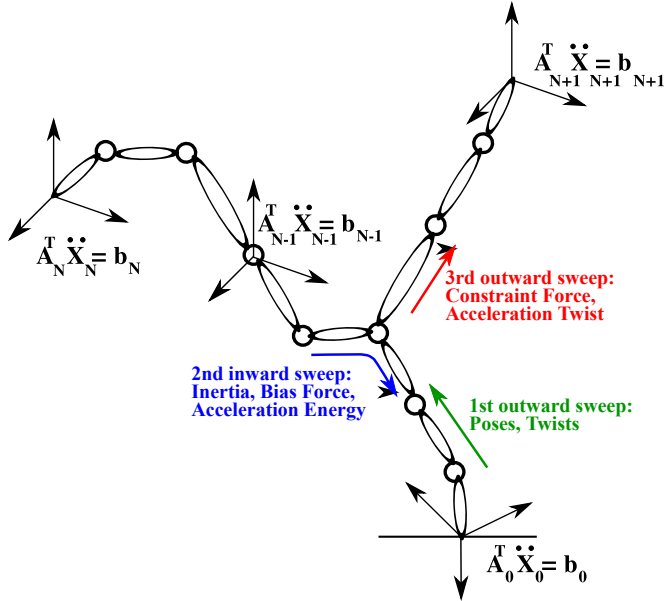


Information architecture: “arrows” = the *Ports* that must be *Connected*, with a *decision of Policy*

Insights of information architect:

- **the** core kinematics & dynamics solver function
- which Ports **to couple**
- which Connector **dependencies** to configure

The core Kin&Dyn solver function



Three “sweeps” to produce/consume **all Ports**:

- *Outward 1*: positions, velocities, accelerations (+ which *Ports* must be imported/exported!)
- *Inward*: forces, inertias, constraints
- *Outward 2*: joint torques

Physical state of kinematic chain: computed in *Outward 1* and *Inward*

→ **no policies** available: physics is what physics is!

Task state: computed in *Outward 2*:

→ **lots** of policies possible!

The core Kin&Dyn solver function (2)

begin

for $i \leftarrow 0$ to $N - 1$ do

$${}_{p_i}^{p_{i+1}} \mathbf{T} = {}_{p_i}^{d_i} \mathbf{T} {}_{d_i}^{p_{i+1}} \mathbf{T}(q_i);$$

$$\boldsymbol{\omega}_{i+1} = \boldsymbol{\omega}_i + \dot{q}_{i+1} \mathbf{Z}_{i+1};$$

$$\mathbf{v}_{i+1} = \mathbf{v}_i + \mathbf{r}^{i+1,i} \times \boldsymbol{\omega}_i;$$

$$\mathbf{X}_{b,i+1} = \begin{pmatrix} \dot{q}_{i+1} \boldsymbol{\omega}_i \times \mathbf{Z}_{i+1} \\ \boldsymbol{\omega}_i \times (\mathbf{r}^{i+1,i} \times \boldsymbol{\omega}_i) \end{pmatrix};$$

for $i \leftarrow (N - 1)$ to 0 do

$$\mathbf{P}_{i+1} = \mathbf{1} - \mathbf{M}_{i+1} (\mathbf{Z}_{i+1}^T \mathbf{M}_{i+1}^a \mathbf{Z}_{i+1})^{-1} \mathbf{Z}_{i+1}^T;$$

$$\mathbf{M}_i^a = \mathbf{M}_i + \mathbf{P}_{i+1} \mathbf{M}_{i+1};$$

$$\mathbf{F}_i = \mathbf{P}_{i+1} \mathbf{F}_{i+1} - \mathbf{M}_{i+1}^a \mathbf{Z}_{i+1} (\mathbf{Z}_{i+1}^T \mathbf{M}_{i+1}^a \mathbf{Z}_{i+1})^{-1} \tau_{i+1} + \mathbf{F}_i^b + \mathbf{F}_i^e;$$

$$\mathbf{A}_i = \mathbf{P}_{i+1} \mathbf{A}_{i+1};$$

$$\boldsymbol{\beta}_i = \boldsymbol{\beta}_{i+1} + \mathbf{A}_{i+1}^T \left\{ \ddot{\mathbf{X}}_{i+1} + \mathbf{Z}_i D^{-1} \left(\tau_{i+1} - \mathbf{Z}_i^T (\mathbf{F}_{i+1} + \mathbf{M}_{i+1}^a \ddot{\mathbf{X}}_{i+1}) \right) \right\};$$

$$\text{with } D = \mathbf{Z}_i^T \mathbf{M}_{i+1}^a \mathbf{Z}_i, \text{ and } \boldsymbol{\beta}_N = 0;$$

$$\mathbf{Z}_i = \mathbf{Z}_{i+1} - \mathbf{A}_{i+1}^T \mathbf{Z}_{i+1} D_{i+1}^{-1} \mathbf{Z}_{i+1}^T \mathbf{A}_{i+1}, \quad \mathbf{Z}_N = 0;$$

$$\mathbf{Z}_0 \boldsymbol{\nu} = \mathbf{b}_N - \mathbf{A}_0^T \ddot{\mathbf{X}}_0 - \boldsymbol{\beta}_0;$$

for $i \leftarrow 1$ to N do

$$\ddot{q}_i = (\mathbf{Z}_{i-1}^T \mathbf{M}_i^a \mathbf{Z}_{i-1})^{-1} \left\{ \tau_i - \mathbf{Z}_{i-1}^T (\mathbf{F}_i + \mathbf{M}_i^a \ddot{\mathbf{X}}_{i-1} + \mathbf{A}_i \boldsymbol{\nu}) \right\};$$

$$\ddot{\mathbf{X}}_i = \ddot{\mathbf{X}}_{i-1} + \ddot{q}_i \mathbf{Z}_i + \ddot{\mathbf{X}}_{b,i};$$

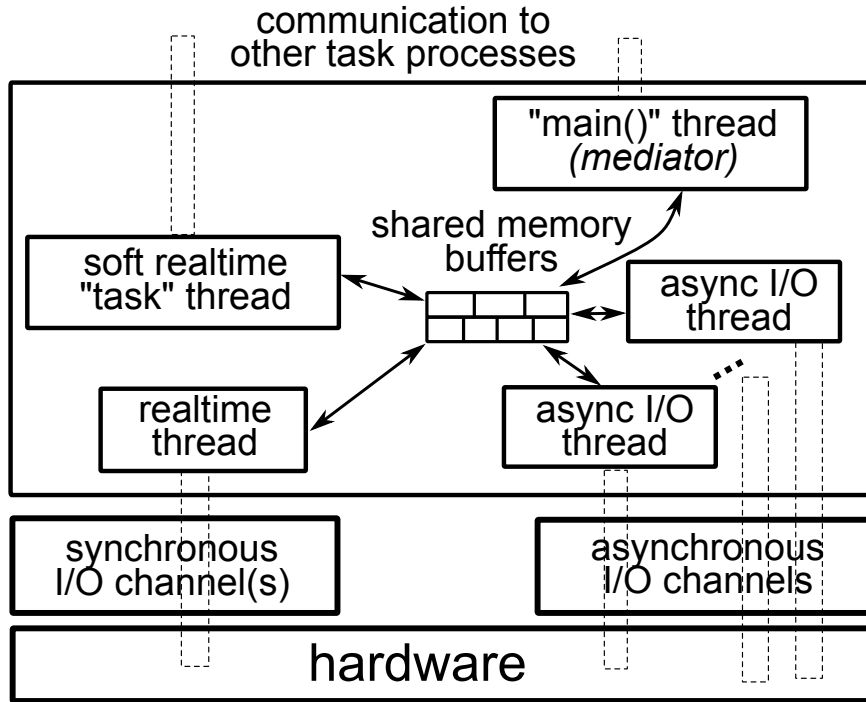
Third “sweep” policies:

- saturation detection
- output scaling
- priorities or weighing
- joint limits
- Model Predictive Control
- estimation & identification
- compensate friction/elasticity
- ...

Note: no *Jacobians* needed!

From Information Architecture to Software Architecture

1. (Real-time) process pattern



Policies:

- buffering: what? communication patterns? garbage collection?...
- **wait-free streams!?**
(*not available* for components!)
- first/second "sweeps" in hard or soft realtime
- add monitoring/ heartbeat
- ...

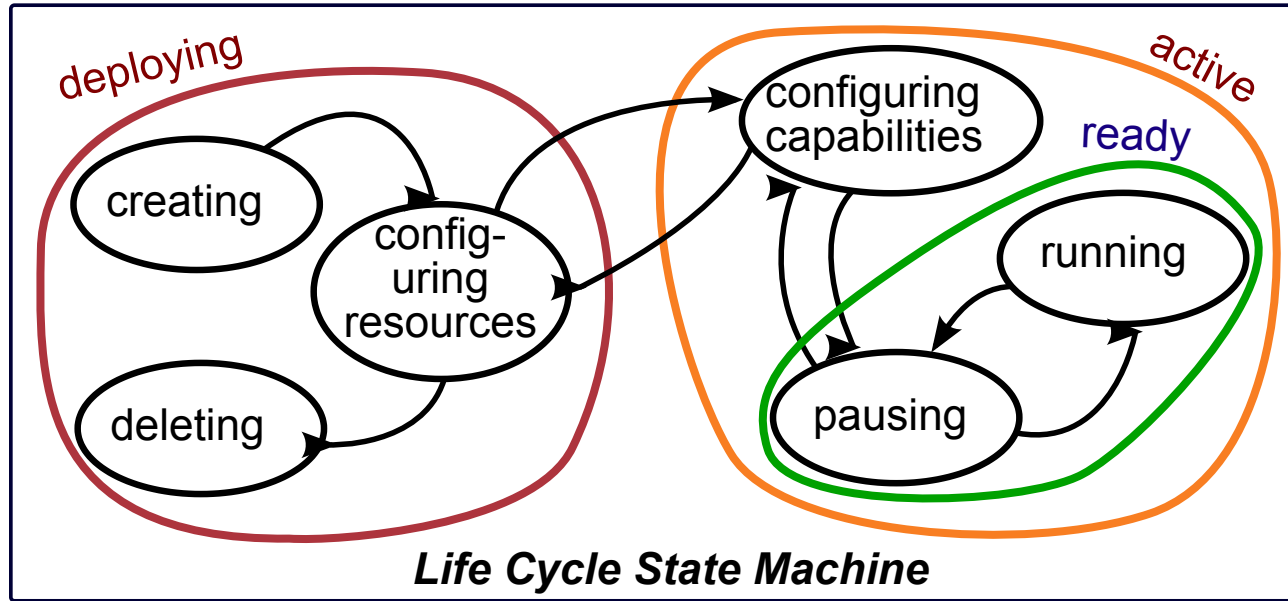
This *Activity* can (but need not) be a *Component*.

2. Event loop(s)

```
when triggered // by operating system, which deals with all asynchronous side effects.
do {           // the control flow structure of the event loop.
communicate() // get all "messages" with events & data, filled in by other asynchronous activities.
coordinate() // handle the events in these messages, and decide which ones to react to.
configure()  // some events imply reconfiguration of computations.
compute()    // execute your (serialized set of) synchronous algorithms,
              // which in themselves are side effect-free computations.
coordinate() // the computations above can generate events that
              // imply reconfiguration of this event loop.
communicate() // the computations above can generate events & data that
              // other asynchronous activities must know about.
sleep()      // until the shortest deadline
}
```

The loop's **schedule(s)** are **only difference** with component approach
but, they can use the **same dependency model**

3. Life Cycle State Machine(s)

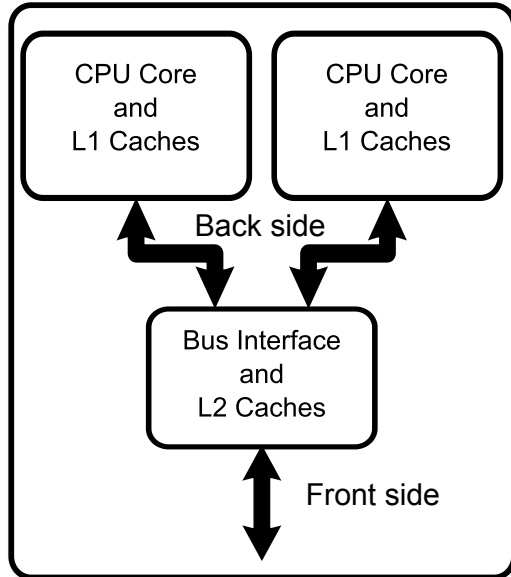


One LCSM per **activity**. Including the Activity **to coordinate** Activities.

More than one LCSM possible per event loop

From Software Architecture to Hardware Architecture

Deployment on multi-core CPU



Similar information architecture of Block-Port-Connector compositions between data storage, data fetching, and CPU computations.

→ **new** policies *may* have to be configured (introduced...) for this level of deployment.

Very similar considerations apply when deploying to **physical communication** infrastructure, e.g., EtherCat, Sercos, UART,...

Medium-term RobMoSys results

- **models** for realtime motion stack
→ *drafts* for standardization
- **models** to **configure** which “solver” *Ports* one needs at **component** level
- compositions with realtime *world model* and *perception*
- reference implementations
- deployment via *modelling of configuration* of the reference implementation

(**You** can contribute to this, via a RobMoSys *ITP Grant*!)

Thank you for your attention.